Upon receipt of the product and prior to initial operation, read these instructions thoroughly, and retain for future reference.

The NX100 operator’s manuals above correspond to specific usage. Be sure to use the appropriate manual.
### MANDATORY

- This manual describes the specifications, precautions for operation and required items for maintenance or inspections, for proper application of the MOTOMAN-EPX2800. Read this manual carefully and be sure to understand its contents before handling the MOTOMAN.

- General items related to safety are listed in Section 1: Safety of the Setup Manual. To ensure correct and safe operation, carefully read the Setup Manual before reading this manual.

- Refer to NX100 Operator’s Manual for the operation methods.

### CAUTION

- Some drawings in this manual are shown with the protective covers or shields removed for clarity. Be sure all covers and shields are replaced before operating this product.

- The drawings and photos in this manual are representative examples and differences may exist between them and the delivered product.

- YASKAWA may modify this model without notice when necessary due to product improvements, modifications, or changes in specifications. If such modification is made, the manual number will also be revised.

- If your copy of the manual is damaged or lost, contact a YASKAWA representative to order a new copy. The representatives are listed on the back cover. Be sure to tell the representative the manual number listed on the front cover.

- YASKAWA is not responsible for incidents arising from unauthorized modification of its products. Unauthorized modification voids your product’s warranty.
NOTES FOR SAFE OPERATION

Read this manual carefully before installation, operation, maintenance, or inspection of the MOTOMAN.

In this manual, the Notes for Safe Operation are classified as “WARNING”, “CAUTION”, “MANDATORY”, or “PROHIBITED”.

- **WARNING**
  Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to personnel.

- **CAUTION**
  Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury to personnel and damage to equipment. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

- **MANDATORY**
  Always be sure to follow explicitly the items listed under this heading.

- **PROHIBITED**
  Must never be performed.

Even items described as “CAUTION” may result in a serious accident in some situations. At any rate, be sure to follow these important items.

**NOTE**
To ensure safe and efficient operation at all times, be sure to follow all instructions, even if not designated as “CAUTION” and “WARNING”.

### Definition of Terms Used Often in This Manual

The MOTOMAN is the YASKAWA industrial robot product.

The MOTOMAN usually consists of the manipulator, the controller, the programming pendant, and supply cables.

In this manual, the equipment is designated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Manual Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NX100 controller</td>
<td>NX100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NX100 programming pendant</td>
<td>Programming pendant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable between the manipulator and the controller</td>
<td>Manipulator cable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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10 Recommended Spare Parts
1 Safety Precautions

• Respect the law, local regulations, and safety codes for connecting the painting robot.

• Specify the working regulations and the person in charge for the following operations:
  • Turning the power to the robot ON/OFF, and RUN/STOP operations
    To avoid any faulty operation, take measures such as putting up a notice to remind operators of procedures and precautions explained in the instruction manual.

  • Warning sign or signal to inform operator of the robot operation status
    Starting an operation while someone is in the manipulator’s working envelope or while someone is doing maintenance checks or repairs may cause a serious accident. When on standby, the manipulator can be moved by an external signal. To avoid these accidents caused by a lack of information, put up a board or indicator lamp to show the robot operation status.

  • Action to be taken in case of a failure or an accident
    Appoint a person to be contacted and the action to be taken in case of a failure or an accident.

  • Safety standards and the supervisor for safe operation
    Appoint a supervisor for the safe operation of the manipulator and establish the working regulations.

  • Appoint a person to be in charge of teaching, maintenance and inspections and provide training or lectures on safety and the actions to be taken in case of an emergency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Install the MOTOMAN-EPX2800 in a location that meets the requirements of Area Classification 'Division I' prescribed in FM Approval Standard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1 Safety Precautions

### WARNING

- **Take the following measures when teaching, correcting, inspecting, or adjusting the manipulator when the motor power supply is ON:**
  
  (a) Appoint a personnel to stay beside the emergency stop button of the NX100. And perform the operations holding the programming pendant with the emergency stop button.
  
  (b) Before the operation, verify the correct robot motion and that the emergency stop works.

- **Observe the following precautions during an automatic operation:**
  
  (a) Do not enter inside the safeguards during operation.
  
  (b) Confirm the following before starting the operation:
      - No person is inside the manipulator working envelope.
      - No obstacles such as unnecessary workpieces and tools are inside the manipulator working envelope.
      - The manipulator is in its standby position.
  
  (c) When any abnormality occurs, immediately press the emergency stop button to stop the manipulator.
  
  (d) Before entering inside the manipulator working envelope, be sure to stop the manipulator and turn OFF the main power supply to the NX100.

- **Brake release (Option)**
  
  A braking system is provided on each axis of the manipulator to hold the arm in its position when a failure or fault occurs. When the brake is activated, the manipulator cannot be moved manually even if the power is OFF. To change the posture of the manipulator after a failure or fault, the brake can be released by the operation from the controller.
  
  When the brake is released with the manipulator’s power OFF, each axis falls down because of the arm weight. While two or more people are holding the arm in position before releasing the brake, change the posture of the manipulator within the minimum motion range.
  
  Use the brake release function only when absolutely necessary.

### PROHIBITED

Any modification of the MOTOMAN-EPX2800, and the following is strictly prohibited:

1. Explosion-proof devices and system installation
2. Safeguards and the safety devices mounted on these safeguards
3. Emergency stop button, and other safety devices
4. Robot control system such as the NX100 robot controller, the manipulator drive section and the power transmission section
2 Features

The MOTOMAN-EPX2800 is designed for easy-handling and to consider safety first in operation.

2.1 Methods of Protection

The MOTOMAN-EPX2800 is evaluated as Type X Purged for use in Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C and D indoor hazardous (classified) locations T4, and appear in the Factory Mutual (FM) Research Approval Guide. They have the construction of protection as follows:

Method of Protection;

• **The pressurized explosion-proof method** prevents explosive gas from entering the manipulator by supplying a protective gas, such as clean air or an inert gas, to keep the internal air pressure constant.

• **The Intrinsic-safety explosion-proof method** prevents explosive gas from igniting by electric spark and heat.

2.2 Teaching

The target positions, the motion speed, and the ON/OFF timing of the spray can be taught with the programming pendant while moving the manipulator, which shortens the time required for teaching. And, the data can be corrected at any time. Because the teaching function and the correction function are integrated, the operations such as forward/reverse run, position modification, addition/deletion of points can be performed during teaching. And the management function, which manages the parameter settings, enables you to monitor the actual status during teaching. The on-screen guidance and the interactive system on the pull-down menus lead the operator through the operation procedures.

• Large-capacity backup as a standard
  A large-capacity drive for PC cards is provided as a standard feature of backup unit and enables data to be transmitted easily.

WARNING

Install the MOTOMAN-EPX2800 in a location that meets the requirements of Area Classification 'Division 1' prescribed in FM Approval Standard.
2 Features
2.2 Teaching

- High reliability
  - The built-in microcomputer continuously checks the I/O data and the manipulator motion to ensure high-reliability.
  - Can detect power supply faults and software faults with its self-diagnosis functions.
- When an error such as an operation error or a controller fault occurs, the alarm code and message are displayed, and the date and time of the error occurrence with its explanation are stored in the alarm history to help you take a quick, corrective action.

CAUTION

Be sure to save the backup data for the controller, such as the data for jobs and constants, on a PC card. If not, the necessary data for the manipulator may be lost if an internal memory fault occurs in the controller.
3 Installation

3.1 Requirements

Prepare the power supply, the air supply, and the grounding according to the following specifications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>3-phase 200/220 VAC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(±10 % to -15 %)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50/60 Hz (±2 Hz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 kVA (at peak)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Air supply</td>
<td>Required pressure: 0.35 MPa to 0.65 MPa</td>
<td>Use dry air for the pressurized explosion-proof construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressurized explosion-proof construction</td>
<td>Capacity:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>For pressurized type of explosion-protected construction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50NL/min usually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1000NL/min usually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dryness: Freezing at -18 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Grounding</td>
<td>Grounding resistance:</td>
<td>For the robot controller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 ohm or less (Non I.S. GND)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 ohm or less (I.S. GND)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

Use dry air for the pressurized explosion-proof enclosure. Moisture in the air supply may damage the electronic parts.
3 Installation
3.2 Installation Site

This section describes the conditions of the installation site for the robot system. Only devices that are approved as explosion-proof can be installed in hazardous locations. Refer to the local regulations and safety codes for the definition of a hazardous location. Install the controller and control panels in a location free from water drops, dust, and dirt.

Table 3.2 Installation Site

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Components</th>
<th>Hazardous Location (Inside Painting Booth)</th>
<th>Non-hazardous location (Outside Painting Booth)</th>
<th>Ambient Temperature</th>
<th>Maximum Ambient Humidity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manipulator (explosion-proof)</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0 to 40 °C</td>
<td>80% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller (not explosion-proof)</td>
<td>’</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 45 °C</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumatic unit (not explosion-proof)</td>
<td>’</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 45 °C</td>
<td>85% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Programming pendant (not explosion-proof)</td>
<td>’</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 40 °C</td>
<td>85% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Programming pendant (explosion-proof) (Option)</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 40 °C</td>
<td>85% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conveyer speed detector (not explosion-proof)</td>
<td>’</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 50 °C</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conveyer speed detector (explosion-proof)</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0 to 50 °C</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conveyer switch (explosion-proof)</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0 to 50 °C</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workpiece supplier (explosion-proof)</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 50 °C</td>
<td>85% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control panel for workpiece supplier (not explosion-proof)</td>
<td>’</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>0 to 45 °C</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Safety devices
- Box for emergency stop switches
- Safety plugs
- Limit switches
- Flashing light
- Indicator lamps
- Photoelectric switches

Selected according to the requirements of the customer. Refer to the appropriate instruction manual provided separately.

× : Not acceptable
○ : Acceptable
WARNING

Devices that are not explosion-proof must not be installed in hazardous locations. Failure to observe this warning may result in a fire.
4 Transport and Installation

4.1 Preparation

Carry out the operation safely observing the following precautions.

1) Signs indicating prohibitions such as, “The lighting of fires is prohibited”
2) Clean working place that is clearly defined and free of obstacles
3) Appointment of personnel in charge
4) Company working regulations for safe operation

4.1 Preparation

Before installing the MOTOMAN, do the following:

1) Confirm the installation layout and the dimensions of each device to ensure the transportation route and the installation space.
2) Check if the transportation route can support the weight of each device. If necessary, reinforce the route.
3) To lift the manipulator, use the appropriate machinery such as a forklift.
4.2 Receiving

When the package arrives, check the contents. Are the items and quantities in accordance with your order sheet? Was any damage incurred during shipment?

**CAUTION**

- **Confirm that the manipulator and the NX100 have the same order number. Special care must be taken when more than one manipulator is to be installed.**

If the numbers do not match, manipulators may not perform as expected and cause injury or damage.

---

**Fig. 4-1 Location of Order Number Labels**

- (a) NX100 (Front View)
- (b) Manipulator (Side View)
4.3 Transport

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Sling and crane or forklift operations must be performed by authorized personnel only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Avoid excessive vibration or shock during transport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The system consists of precision components. Failure to observe this caution may adversely affect performance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3.1 Transporting Method

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• The mass of the manipulator is approximately 900 kg including the shipping bolts and brackets. Use a wire rope strong enough to withstand the mass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• The attached eyebolts are designed to support the manipulator mass. Never use them for anything other than transporting the manipulator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Mount the shipping bolts and brackets before transporting the manipulator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• With any transportation equipment, make sure to avoid external force on the arm or motor unit when transporting the manipulator.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using a Crane

As a rule, when uncrating the manipulator and moving it, a crane should be used. Lift the manipulator with a wire rope using the attached eyebolts. Make sure to fix the manipulator with shipping bolts and brackets before transport, and lift it in the posture as shown in "Fig. 4-2 Transport Using a Crane".

Fig. 4-2 Transport Using a Crane
4.3 Transport

- Using a Forklift

When using a forklift, the manipulator should be fixed on a pallet with shipping bolts and bracket as shown in "Fig. 4-3 Transport Using a Forklift". Insert claws under the pallet and lift it. The pallet must be strong enough to support the manipulator. Transport the manipulator slowly with due caution in order to avoid overturn or slippage.

![Fig. 4-3 Transport Using a Forklift](image)

### 4.3.2 Shipping Bolts and Brackets

The manipulator is provided with shipping bolts and brackets at positions as shown in the figures in "Fig. 4-2 Transport Using a Crane", to protect its driving units from various external force during transport. The shipping brackets are painted yellow.

![Hexagon socket head cap screw M12 (length:50mm, 12 screws)](image)

**NOTE**

Before turning ON the power, check to be sure that the shipping bolts and brackets have been removed. The shipping bolts and brackets then must be stored for future use, in the event that the manipulator must be moved again for relocation.
4.4 Installation

**WARNING**

- **Install the safeguarding.**
  
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage.

- **Install the manipulator in a location where the manipulator's tool or the workpiece held by the manipulator will not reach the wall, safeguarding, or NX100 when the arm is fully extended.**
  
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage.

- **Do not start the manipulator or even turn ON the power before it is firmly anchored.**
  
  The manipulator may overturn and cause injury or damage.

**CAUTION**

- **Do not install or operate a manipulator that is damaged or lacks parts.**
  
  Failure to observe this caution may cause injury or damage.

- **Do not install the paint gun and the gun brackets until the manipulator is firmly anchored.**
  
  Any contact to the unstable manipulator may cause injury or damage.

- **Before turning ON the power, check to be sure that the shipping bolts and brackets explained in "Fig. 4-2 Transport Using a Crane" are removed.**
  
  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the driving parts.
4.4.1 Installation of Safeguarding

To insure safety, be sure to install the safeguarding. They prevent unforeseen accidents with personnel and damage to equipment. The following is quoted for your information and guidance.

Responsibility for Safeguarding (ISO 10218)
The user of a manipulator or robot system shall ensure that safeguarding is provided and used in accordance with Sections 6, 7, and 8 of this standard. The means and degree of safeguarding, including any redundancies, shall correspond directly to the type and level of hazard presented by the robot system consistent with the robot application. Safeguarding may include but not be limited to safeguarding devices, barriers, interlock barriers, perimeter guarding, awareness barriers, and awareness signals.

4.4.2 Mounting Procedures for Manipulator Base

The manipulator should be firmly mounted on a baseplate or foundation strong enough to support the manipulator and withstand repulsion forces during acceleration and deceleration. Construct a solid foundation with the appropriate thickness to withstand maximum repulsion force of the manipulator. (Refer to "Table. 4.3 Maximum Repulsion Force of the Manipulator at Emergency Stop").

A baseplate flatness must be kept at 0.5 mm or less: insufficient flatness of installation surface may deform the manipulator shape and affect its functional abilities.

For installation, refer to "4.4.3 Mounting the Manipulator on the Baseplate".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 4.3 Maximum Repulsion Force of the Manipulator at Emergency Stop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum torque in horizontal rotation (S-axis moving direction)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum torque in vertical rotation (L-, U-axes moving direction)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.4.3 Mounting the Manipulator on the Baseplate

The baseplate should be rugged and durable to withstand maximum repulsion force of the manipulator and to ensure that the manipulator and fixture are in the correct relative position. The thickness of the baseplate is 40 mm or more and an M20 size or larger anchor bolt is recommended.

Fix the manipulator base to the baseplate with the hexagon socket head cap screws M20 (8 screws, length of 80 mm or more is recommended) using mounting holes on the manipulator base.

Tighten the hexagon socket head cap screws and anchor bolts securely so that they will not work loose during operation.
4 Transport and Installation

4.4 Installation

Fig. 4-4  Mounting the Manipulator on the Baseplate (EPX2800-B000)

- Hexagon socket head cap screw M12 (12 screws)
  
  Tightening torque: 142N·m (14.5kgf·m)

- Spring washer

- Anchor bolt (M20 or larger)

- Baseplate flatness ≤ 0.3mm or less

- Manipulator base

- 12 dia. 12 holes

- 17.5 dia. (12 holes)
4.4.4  Location

When installing the manipulator, satisfy the following environmental conditions.
• Ambient temperature: 0° to 40°C
• Humidity: 20 to 80%RH at constant temperature
• Free from exposure to water, oil, or dust
• Free from corrosive gas or liquid, or explosive gas or liquid
• Free from excessive vibration (Vibration acceleration: 4.9 m/s² [0.5 G] or less)
• Free from large electrical noise (plasma)
• Flatness for installation is 0.5 mm or less

4.4.5  Controller and Programming Pendant

• The controller and the programming pendant are not explosion-proof (the explosion-proof programming pendant is available as an option). Never install the controller and the programming pendant that are not explosion-proof in a hazardous location.
• Keep a minimum space of 60 cm around the controller for maintenance. When the sufficient space is not available, provide equipment for maintenance such as a drawing-out system.
• An exhaust fan is provided on the back of the controller. Keep enough space behind the controller so that air can be exhausted properly.
• Do not install the controller and programming pendant close to any noise source such as the power supply for other devices.
• Install the controller in a location where the optimum atmosphere, temperature, and humidity are assured and provide protection against water drops or thinner. If necessary, install a control room to supply clean and temperature-controlled air.

4.4.6  Safety Devices

The standard safety devices are listed below. Refer to the instructions for connecting safety devices required for your system application. Install each device considering each function.
• Emergency stop switches
• Safety plugs
• Limit switches
• Flashing lights
• Indicator lamps
• Photoelectric intrusion detecting switches
5 System Configuration

"Fig. 5-5 System Configuration" shows the system configuration of the MOTOMAN-EPX2800.

5.1 Manipulator

The explosion-proof manipulator can be installed in hazardous locations such as in the painting booth. For painting, a spray gun is mounted on the end of the wrist with special fixtures.

"Fig. 5-6 Dimensions and P-point Maximum Envelope" shows the dimensions and the range of motion of the EPX2800. The manipulator is driven by the servo motors in vertically articulated operation mode with 6 degrees of freedom on the manipulator base. The motion of the manipulator is made by six axes:

The three main axes are used for positioning the spray gun: the S-axis which turns the arm, the L-axis which moves the arm left and right, and the U-axis which moves the arm up and down.

The three wrist axes are used for changing the direction of the spray gun: the R-, B-, and T-axes.

The range of motion shown in "Fig. 5-6 Dimensions and P-point Maximum Envelope" is that of the wrist axis center P-point that is made by the combination of the motions of the three main axes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When taking safety precautions, consider the range of motion of the manipulator shown in &quot;Fig. 5-6 Dimensions and P-point Maximum Envelope&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 System Configuration
5.1 Manipulator

Fig. 5-5 System Configuration
Fig. 5-6 Dimensions and P-point Maximum Envelope
5.2 Robot Controller

The robot controller has a built-in microcomputer that controls all motion of the robot by saving motion signals when teaching and sending these signals to the manipulator. The power unit that supplies power to the manipulator is also built into the robot controller.

---

**WARNING**

- The power supply of the robot controller is 200/220 VAC. Be sure to turn OFF the primary power supply of the controller before starting maintenance.

Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.

---

5.3 Pneumatic Unit

The pneumatic unit supplies protective air or gas to the manipulator to prevent explosive gas from entering the manipulator. Usually, the unit is attached to the side of the robot controller. The circuit diagram and dimensions are shown in "Fig. 5-7 Pneumatic Unit Air Circuit" and "Fig. 5-8 Pneumatic Unit External View". Set the air pressure so that the pressure shown on the pressure gauge of each pressure reducing valve will be within the pressure ranges shown in "Fig. 5-7 Pneumatic Unit Air Circuit".

---

**CAUTION**

The pneumatic unit is used to provide a pressurized explosion-proof barrier for the manipulator. Because the barrier is only ensured when the air supply is within the recommended pressure range, a lower air pressure will reduce the barrier's efficiency, and a higher air pressure will damage the pneumatic unit. Be sure to keep the air pressure within the specified range.
5 System Configuration
5.3 Pneumatic Unit

Fig. 5-7 Pneumatic Unit Air Circuit

Air inlet 1 (16 dia.) (Tube external diameter)
Air inlet 2 (16 dia.) (Tube external diameter)
Filter

Pressure reducing valve for the set pressure
P1 (the set pressure) 0.01 to 0.03 MPa

Pressure reducing valve for purging air
P2 (Purging air pressure) 0.15 to 0.35 MPa

Pressure reducing valve for the controlled pressure
P0 (controlled pressure) 0.35 to 0.65 MPa

Air for the internal pressure (16 dia.) (Tube external diameter)
For the purging valve (6 dia.) (Tube external diameter)

SV1
SV2

Fig. 5-8 Pneumatic Unit External View
5.4 Tubes

Daily inspection is requested for the tubes used for supplying paints, thinner, and air (excluding the tube for supplying protective gas into the manipulator). Replace them periodically.

5.5 O-Ring and X-Ring in the Wrist

Periodically replace the O-ring and X-ring in the wrist. Contact your Yaskawa representative to replace the ring.
6 Connection

6.1 Wiring

WARNING

• Ground resistance must be 100 Ω or less.

Failure to observe this warning may result in fire or electric shock.

• Before wiring, make sure to turn the primary power supply OFF, and put up a warning sign. (ex. DO NOT TURN THE POWER ON.)

Failure to observe this warning may result in fire or electric shock.

CAUTION

• Wiring must be performed by authorized or certified personnel.

Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or electric shock.

• Do not cover the cable with heat insulating material, and avoid multiple cabling.

Failure to observe this caution may result in burn caused by cable heat emission failure.
6.1.1 Grounding

Follow the local regulations for ground line size. A line of 5.5 mm² or more is recommended. Refer to "Fig. 6-9 Grounding Method".

- Do not use this line sharing with other ground lines or grounding electrodes for other electric power, motor power, welding devices, etc.
- Where metal ducts, metallic conduits, or distributing racks are used for cable laying, ground in accordance with Electric Equipment Technical Standards.

The grounding methods differ depending on the system application. Refer to the connection instructions that are provided separately.

![Fig. 6-9 Grounding Method](image-url)
Refer to the NX100 Instruction Manual for the connection of the power cable and the intrinsically safe cable to the NX100. The air hose for the pressure switch, the intrinsically safe cable, and the crimped terminals should be prepared by the customer.

Fig. 6-10(a) Manipulator Internal Cable Connection
6 Connection
6.2 Cable Connection

Fig. 6-10(b) Power Supply Cable Connection to the NX100
6.2.1 Connection to the NX100

Connect the plugs of the power cables and the signal cables as indicated in the figure below.

![Connection diagram](image-url)

**Fig. 6-11 Connection to the NX100**
6.2.2 Manipulator Cable Installation Example

The installation example is shown below.

- **Metal Pipe Installation**

![Diagram of Metal Pipe Installation Example]

Fig. 6-12 Metal Pipe Installation Example

- Install the power cables, the signal cables, and the peripheral device coupling cables as described above.
- The metal pipe must have sufficient strength.
- For the explosion-proof approved parts, DO NOT use sealing fitting or sealing compound other than the products described above (manufactured by Cooper Crouse-Hinds, or equivalent).
6.2.3 Cable and Air Tube Connection

The cables and tubes necessary for installation are shown in the table below. The user must prepare the power supply cable, the grounding cable, the cables for optional equipment, and the air tubes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use</th>
<th>Connection</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power source cable</td>
<td>Power source to/from controller</td>
<td>CVV-3.5SQ-4C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intrinsically-safe signal line cable</td>
<td>Manipulator to/from controller</td>
<td>CVV-1.25SQ-2Cx2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable for conveyor-speed detection device</td>
<td>To/from controller</td>
<td>CVV-SB-1.25SQ-3C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable for optional equipment</td>
<td>To/from controller</td>
<td>CVV-SB-1.25SQ-3C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air tube for pressurized explosion-proofness</td>
<td>Manipulator to/from pneumatic unit</td>
<td>φ16/11 polyurethane tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air tube for air supply</td>
<td>Air supply source to/from pneumatic unit</td>
<td>φ16/11 polyurethane tube</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.3 Internal Connections

"Fig. 6-12(a) Internal Connection Diagram" and "Fig. 6-12(b) Internal Connection Diagram" show the internal connections.
Fig. 6-12(a) Internal Connection Diagram
6.3 Internal Connections

Fig. 6-12(b) Internal Connection Diagram
# 7 Basic Specifications

## 7.1 Basic Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>YR-EPX2800-B000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Vertically articulated</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Degree of Freedom</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload</td>
<td>20 kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeatability</td>
<td>± 0.5 mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Range of Motion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-axis (turning)</td>
<td>± 150°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-axis (lower arm)</td>
<td>+120° - 45°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U-axis (upper arm)</td>
<td>+90° - 85°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R-axis (wrist roll)</td>
<td>± 360°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-axis (wrist pitch/yaw)</td>
<td>± 360°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-axis (wrist twist)</td>
<td>± 360°</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Maximum Speed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-axis</td>
<td>2.6 rad/s, 150 °/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-axis</td>
<td>2.1 rad/s, 124 °/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U-axis</td>
<td>2.7 rad/s, 155 °/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R-axis</td>
<td>6.2 rad/s, 360 °/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-axis</td>
<td>6.2 rad/s, 360 °/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-axis</td>
<td>6.2 rad/s, 360 °/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Allowable Moment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R-axis</td>
<td>77.4 N•m (7.4 kgf•m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-axis</td>
<td>49.9 N•m (5.1 kgf•m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-axis</td>
<td>19.6 N•m (2.0 kgf•m)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Approx. Mass

| Approx. Mass | 650 kg |

### Ambient Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>0 to +40°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>20 to 80% RH (non-condensing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration Acceleration</td>
<td>Less than 4.91 m/s² (0.5 G)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>Free from excessive electrical noise (plasma).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 SI units are used in this table. However, gravitational unit is used in ( ).
*2 Conformed to ISO9283.
*3 Differs depending on the motion pattern.
7.2 Part Names and Working Axes

Fig. 7-13 Part Names and Working Axes

EPX2800-B000

Rotary head (S-head)
Lower arm (L-Arm)
Base
Upper arm (U-Arm)

U+
R+
B+
T+

R-
B-
T-

S+
L+

S-
L-
7.3 Wrist Flange

The wrist flange dimensions are shown in "Fig. 7-14 Wrist Flange". Fitting depth of inside and outside fittings must be 21 mm or less.
7.4 System Application

The device required for the system application can be mounted on the horizontal arm. Observe the following restriction.

- Maximum allowable load: 20 kg
8 Frequent Inspections

8.1 Frequent Inspections

The painting robot is a precision device using advanced technology. It is important to frequently inspect the robot and remove any dried paint. Conduct the daily and weekly inspections listed in "Table 8.1 Frequent Inspections" to ensure the long life of the robot and its performance. For more information about the inspection items, refer to "8.2 Daily Inspections"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Items to be Inspected</th>
<th>Inspection</th>
<th>Daily</th>
<th>Weekly</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Motion</td>
<td>Smooth tuning, horizontal, and vertical motions of each arm. The robot's home position does not change.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td>![WARNING] Do not enter the robot working envelope.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Noise and vibration during operation</td>
<td>No abnormal noise and vibration during robot operation.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td>![WARNING] Do not enter the robot working envelope.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Tubes</td>
<td>No severe wear and tear on paint and air supply tubes.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>![CAUTION] Use a pair of protective glasses to protect your eyes against paint or thinner that is being removed. Make sure that the air tube is firmly inserted in the joint. Accidental disconnection of the air tube may cause injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Air leakage</td>
<td>No excessive air leakage from the fitting of the motor case.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>![CAUTION] Make sure that the air tube is firmly inserted in the joint. Accidental disconnection of the air tube may cause injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Dried paint</td>
<td>Remove the dried paint on the robot.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>![WARNING] Replace the sheet. When removing the paint with a tool, be careful not to damage the robot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Water drained from the air filter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
<td>![CAUTION]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pressure set value</td>
<td>The pressure of the pressure reducing valve is within the specified range.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>![CAUTION]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8 Frequent Inspections

#### 8.1 Frequent Inspections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Items to be Inspected</th>
<th>Inspection</th>
<th>Daily</th>
<th>Weekly</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Operation of emergency stop button and safety plug. Dried paint</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops immediately when the emergency stop button is pressed.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>CAUTION</strong> Inspect the robot while it is in its standby position and not in motion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. The manipulator stops immediately when the safety plug is pulled out.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Remove the dried paint on the emergency stop button and the safety plug.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operation of the photoelectric intrusion detecting switch Dried paint</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops when the photoelectric switch is turned OFF.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Remove the dried paint on the light beam detector.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Operation of limit switch. Dried paint</td>
<td>1. Normal operation of the limit switch</td>
<td></td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Remove the dried paint on the limit switch.</td>
<td></td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Operation of the gun tilt switching</td>
<td>The gun tilt changes correctly when air is supplied.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operation of the shear pin system</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops immediately when the shear pin is sheared.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. The test valve is closed and the tube is not broken.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 8.1 Frequent Inspections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Items to be Inspected</th>
<th>Inspection</th>
<th>Daily</th>
<th>Weekly</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Operation of emergency stop button and safety plug. Dried paint</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops immediately when the emergency stop button is pressed.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td><strong>CAUTION</strong> Inspect the robot while it is in its standby position and not in motion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. The manipulator stops immediately when the safety plug is pulled out.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Remove the dried paint on the emergency stop button and the safety plug.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operation of the photoelectric intrusion detecting switch Dried paint</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops when the photoelectric switch is turned OFF.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Remove the dried paint on the light beam detector.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Operation of limit switch. Dried paint</td>
<td>1. Normal operation of the limit switch</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Remove the dried paint on the limit switch.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Operation of the gun tilt switching</td>
<td>The gun tilt changes correctly when air is supplied.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operation of the shear pin system</td>
<td>1. The manipulator stops immediately when the shear pin is sheared.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. The test valve is closed and the tube is not broken.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Daily Inspections

Inspect the robot daily to ensure its high performance and early detection of any abnormalities.

8.2.1 Manipulator

- Visual Inspection
  Before turning ON the power to the manipulator, check if any abnormality can be found on the manipulator. Remove the jacket if it is attached.

- Manipulator Motions and Noise/Vibration during Operation
  Check if the manipulator home posture does not change when turning ON the power supply using the eye mark. Also, check for abnormal noise and vibration during operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never enter inside the safeguarding and the manipulator working envelope after turning ON the power supply.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Tubes and Air Leakage
  Check for excessive air leakage from the tubes, the couplings, and the joint fittings of the motor on each axis when the air is supplied in the manipulator to form the anti-explosion barrier.
  The actual amount of air leakage is not important if a fault in the internal air pressure does not occur. However, if internal air pressure faults occur frequently, check if the pressure of the air source and the pressure setting of the pressure reducing valve are correct and if excessive air is leaking.

- Dried Paint, Dust, and Dirt
  Remove any dried paint on the manipulator and other devices. Replace the vinyl sheet if any. Replace the jacket if it is dirty.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When using a tool to remove the dried paint, be careful not to damage the manipulator.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2.2 Pneumatic Unit

- Drained Water from Air Filter
  Empty the water drained from the air filter on the pneumatic unit.

- Pressure
  Before moving the manipulator, check if the gauges of the pressure reducing valves on the pneumatic unit show the pressure to be within the specified range.

8.2.3 Safety Devices

- Emergency Stop Button and Safety Plug
  Before operating the manipulator, check the following to make sure that the emergency stop button and the safety plug operate correctly:
  The manipulator stops immediately when the emergency stop button is pressed.
  The manipulator stops immediately when the safety plug is pulled out.
  Inspect the manipulator while it is in the standby posture and not in motion with the power supply turned ON. Repeated sudden stops while the manipulator is in motion will damage the braking system.
  Remove any dried paint on the emergency stop button and the safety plug.

- Photoelectric Intrusion Detecting Switch
  Make sure that the photoelectric intrusion detecting switch operates correctly.
  Remove any dried paint on the light beam receiving section on the switch.
  When the air is purging, check the air for purging.

- Limit Switch
  Make sure that the limit switches for positioning workpieces, starting the robot, and return the robot to home operate correctly.
  Remove any dried paint that may obstruct the robot motion.
8.2.4 Options

- **Gun Tilt Switching**
  Check if the gun changes its tilt smoothly when compressed air is supplied. If excessive shock is applied on both ends, reduce the pressure supplied to the actuator.

- **Shear Pin**
  Disconnect the air supply tube, and check if the shear pin breaks immediately to shut off the power supply to the manipulator. Also, make sure that the air tube is not bent or crushed.
9 Maintenance and Inspection

9.1 Inspection Schedule

Conduct daily and periodic inspections to ensure the long life of the robot and its performance. Proper inspections are essential not only to assure that the mechanism will be able to function for a long period, but also to prevent malfunctions and assure safe operation. Inspection intervals are given in the levels shown in "Table 9.1 Inspection Schedule". In "Table 9.1 Inspection Schedule" the inspection items are classified into three types of operation: operations which can be performed by personnel authorized of the user, operations which can be performed by personnel being trained, and operations which can be performed by service company personnel.

Only specified personnel are to do inspection work.

---

**WARNING**

- **Before maintenance or inspection, be sure to turn the main power supply OFF, and put up a warning sign such as “DO NOT TURN THE POWER ON”**.

Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock or injury.

---

**CAUTION**

- **Maintenance and inspection must be performed by the specified personnel.**

Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or injury.

- **For disassembly or repair, contact your Yaskawa representative.**

- **Do not disconnect the motor, and do not release the brake.**

Unexpected arm motion may cause injury or damage to the equipment.

- **Be sure to connect the battery board before disconnecting the connectors for detection at maintenance and inspection.**

Failure to observe this caution may result in loss of home position data.
The inspection interval must be based on the servo power supply ON time.

Table 9.2 Inspection Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item*4</th>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Inspection Charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000H Cycle</td>
<td>6000H Cycle</td>
<td>12000H Cycle</td>
<td>24000H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-, L-, and U-axis motors</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base mounting bolts</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cover mounting screws</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor connectors</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air seals for internal pressure</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S- and L-axis internal cables</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Visual</td>
<td>Manual</td>
<td>Check for grease leakage.*5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U-arm internal cables</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Visual</td>
<td>Manual</td>
<td>Check the conduction between terminals. Check for wear on the protective spring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery in manipulator</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Visual</td>
<td>Manual</td>
<td>Replace the battery unit when the battery alarm occurs or the manipulator drove for 36000H. See Section 9.2.4.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1: Replace the cables.*2

*2: Replace the battery unit when the battery alarm occurs or the manipulator drove for 36000H.

*3: See Section 9.2.3

*4: See Section 9.2.4

*5: See Section 9.2.5
9 Maintenance and Inspection

9.1 Inspection Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item*4</th>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Inspection Charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000H Cycle</td>
<td>6000H Cycle</td>
<td>12000H Cycle</td>
<td>24000H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-, L-, and U- axis speed reducers</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
<td>Grease gun</td>
<td>Check for malfunction. (Replace if necessary.) Replenish grease<em>3 (6000H cycle). (See Section 9.2.1.) Replace grease</em>3 (12000H cycle). (See Section 9.2.1.)</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R-, B-, and T- axis speed reducers</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
<td>Grease gun</td>
<td>Check for malfunction. (Replace if necessary.) Replenish grease*3 (6000H cycle). (See Section 9.2.1)</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrist gear</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Grease gun</td>
<td>Check for malfunction. (Replace if necessary.) Replenish grease*3 (6000H cycle). (See Section 9.2.1)</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion-proof devices</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td>Confirm that the pressure switch, the master valve, and the explosion-proof system operate correctly. (Replace if necessary.) See Section 9.4.</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumatic unit</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td>Confirm that the solenoid valve and the pressure reducing valve operate correctly. (Replace if necessary.) Replace the filter (6000H cycle). See Section 9.3</td>
<td>○ ○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overhaul</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 When checking for conduction with multimeter, connect the battery to “BAT” and “OBT” of connectors on the motor side for each axis, and then remove connectors on detector side for each axis from the motor. Otherwise, the home position data may be lost. (Refer to " 9.5.1 Encoder Connector with Warning Label ".)

*2 Internal cables to be replaced at 24000H inspection.

*3 For the grease, refer to " Table. 9.3 Inspection Parts and Grease Used ".

*4 Inspection No. correspond to the numbers in "Fig. 9-15 Inspection Parts and Inspection Numbers (EPX2800-B000)" .

*5 The occurrence of a grease leakage indicates the possibility that grease has seeped into the motor. This can cause a motor breakdown. Contact your Yaskawa representative.
Fig. 9-15  Inspection Parts and Inspection Numbers (EPX2800-B000)
### Table 9.3 Inspection Parts and Grease Used

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Grease Used</th>
<th>Inspected Parts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>VIGO grease RE No. 0</td>
<td>S-, L-, U-, R-, B-, and T-axis speed reducers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Alvania EP grease 2</td>
<td>Wrist gear</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.2 Maintenance for Manipulator

9.2.1 Grease Replenishment/Replacement

"Fig. 9-15 Inspection Parts and Inspection Numbers (EPX2800-B000)" shows the location of the components of the manipulator.

Replenish or replace the grease for the following sections:

1) Wrist gears
2) S-, L-, and U-axis speed reducers
3) R-, B-, and T-axis speed reducers

■ Wrist Gears

Remove the plugs and apply Alvania EP grease 2 on the gear teeth of gears R1, B1, B2, T1, T2, and T3 by using a grease gun. Apply seal tape on the thread part of each plug, then reinstall the plugs. (Each plug must be tightened with the specified tightening torque.)

![Fig. 9-16 Wrist Gears](image-url)
S-, L-, and U-Axis Speed Reducers

Grease Replenishment

1. Remove the plug on the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port.

   If grease is injected with the plug (So, Lo, Uo) on, the grease will go inside the motor and may cause a damage. Make sure to remove the plug (So, Lo, Uo) before the grease injection.

2. Remove the plug 1/8 on the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet and install the grease zerk A-PT1/8. Inject grease by using a grease gun.

   Grease type: VIGO grease RE No.0
   Amount of grease:
   - S-axis: 800 cc (696 g) (1500 cc (1305 g) for the 1st supply)
   - L-axis: 1000 cc (870 g) (2000 cc (1740 g) for the 1st supply)
   - U-axis: 300 cc (261 g) (500 cc (435 g) for the 1st supply)

3. Move S-axis (L-axis, U-axis) for a few minutes to discharge excessive grease.
4. Remove the grease zerk on the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet. Wipe the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port and the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet. Apply seal tape on the thread part of each plug, and reinstall the plugs on the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port and the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet.

Grease Replacement

1. Remove the plug on the So (Lo) grease exhaust port.

   If grease is injected with the plug (So, Lo, Uo) on, the grease will go inside the motor and may cause a damage. Make sure to remove the plug (So, Lo, Uo) before the grease injection.

2. Remove the plug 1/8 on the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet and install the grease zerk A-PT1/8. Inject grease by using a grease gun.

   Grease type: VIGO grease RE No.0
   Amount of grease:
   - S-axis: 2000 cc (1740 g)
   - L-axis: 2700 cc (2349 g)
   - U-axis: 700 cc (609g)

3. The grease replacement is completed when new grease appears in the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port. The new grease can be distinguished from the old grease by color.
4. Move S-axis (L-axis, U-axis) for a few minutes to discharge excessive grease.
5. Remove the grease zerk on the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet. Wipe the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port and the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet. Apply seal tape on the thread part of each plug, and reinstall the plugs on the So (Lo, Uo) exhaust port and the Si (Li, Ui) grease inlet. Reinstall the cover on each axis motor side.

   If the plug (So, Lo, Uo) is installed while the grease is being exhausted, the grease will go inside the motor and may cause a damage. Ensure that the grease has been completely exhausted before installing the plug (So, Lo, Uo).
9 Maintenance and Inspection
9.2 Maintenance for Manipulator

Fig. 9-17  S-Axis Speed Reducer

Fig. 9-18  L-Axis Speed Reducer
9 Maintenance and Inspection
9.2 Maintenance for Manipulator

Fig. 9-19  U-Axis Speed Reducer

- R-, B-, and T-Axis Speed Reducers

Grease Replenishment

1. Remove the plug on the Ro (Bo, To) exhaust port.

**NOTE**
If grease is injected with the plug (Ro, Bo, To) on, the grease will go inside the motor and may cause a damage. Make sure to remove the plug (Ro, Bo, To) before the grease injection.

Note that grease replacement is not necessary for R-, B-, and T-axes.

2. Remove the plug on the Ri (Bi, Ti) grease inlet, and install the grease zerk PT1/8. Inject grease by using a grease gun.

Grease type: VIGO grease RE No.0
Amount of grease:
- R-axis: 25 cc (22 g) (100 cc (87 g) for the 1st supply)
- B-axis: 25 cc (22 g) (100 cc (87 g) for the 1st supply)
- T-axis: 20 cc (17 g) (40 cc (35 g) for the 1st supply)

3. Move R-axis (B-axis, T-axis) for a few minutes to discharge excessive grease.
4. Remove the grease zerk on the Ri (Bi, Ti) grease inlet. Wipe the Ro (Bo, To) exhaust port and the Ri (Bi, Ti) grease inlet. Apply seal tape on the thread part of each plug, and reinstall the plugs on the Ro (Bo, To) exhaust port and the Ri (Bi, Ti) grease inlet.
5. Install the cover and tighten each screw with the specified tightening torque.
Fig. 9-20 R-, B-, and T-axes Speed Reducer
9.2.2 Inspection of Wrist Gear and Bearing

Check if three wrist axes move smoothly. If any of the axes does not move smoothly, the wrist should be removed and disassembled for investigation of the cause such as detective bearing, gear or sealing. Contact your Yaskawa representative.

**CAUTION**

To remove the wrist from the U-arm, firmly hold the wrist and remove the fixing bolt. If not, the wrist may fall down when the fixing bolt is removed.

9.2.3 Inspection of Air Sealing for Internal Air Pressure

- **Gasket**

Check the gasket. When checking the gasket, remove the mounting bolts and the cover. Excessive oil contained in the air used to keep the internal pressure can damage the gasket, which result in air leakage. Replace the gasket if air leakage is found.

Fig. 9-21 Gasket
9.2.4 Battery Board Replacement

Two battery boards are installed in the locations shown in "Fig. 9-22 Battery Board Location".

- Battery board: JARCR-XIS01

If a battery alarm occurs in the NX100, replace the battery board in the following procedure.

![Battery Board Location Diagram](image)
9.2 Maintenance for Manipulator

1. Turn OFF the power to the NX100.
2. Detach and pull out the connector base from the base.
3. Remove the battery board mounting screws.
4. Remove the electrical tape protecting connection part of the battery board in the manipulator.
5. Connect two new battery boards.
6. Remove the old battery boards.

**NOTE** Be sure to connect the new battery boards before disconnecting the old one so that the data does not disappear.

7. Protect the connection part of the battery board in the manipulator with electrical tape.
8. Insert the battery board screws in the mounting holes on the connector base, and fix the connector base on the base.

---

Fig. 9-23 Battery Board Connection

- See step 6 below
- See step 7 below
- Battery for S-, L-, U-axes before replacement
- See step 4 below
- See step 6 below
- See step 7 below
- Battery for R-, B-, T-axes before replacement
- See step 4 below
- See step 7 below
- New battery board
- See step 6 below

a: Crimped contact-pin (pin)
b: Crimped contact-pin (socket)
9.3 Inspection of the Pneumatic Unit

9.3.1 Solenoid Valve

Check if the air purge starts a few seconds after turning ON the power to the NX100 and if it ends approximately 3 minutes later.

9.3.2 Pressure Reducing Valve

Measure the air pressure for the pneumatic unit with a pressure gauge. Remove the test plug or the relief valve on the pneumatic unit and connect the gauge. The air pressure must always be from 0.01 MPa to 0.03 MPa under normal conditions and from 0.15 MPa to 0.35 MPa when purging.
9.4 Inspection of Explosion-Proof Devices

9.4.1 Pressure Switch

Remove the front cover of the pneumatic unit box and check the conduction of the pressure switches. The two pressure switches must be ON when the air is being supplied and OFF when the air is not being supplied.

CAUTION

- Be sure to turn OFF the power to the NX100 before inspecting the pressure switch.
- Do not touch the pressure setting dial on the pressure switch during an inspection. Changing the setting prevents the correct pressure from being detected.

9.4.2 Master Valve

While the air is being supplied from the pneumatic unit, check if the air purge starts a few seconds after the power to the NX100 is turned ON. Also, check if the air goes out of the two air outlets for the master valve during the air purge.

9.4.3 Pressurized Anti-Explosion Barrier

While the air is being supplied from the pneumatic unit, check if the air purge starts a few seconds after the power to the NX100 is turned ON and if it ends approximately 3 minutes later. Also, check the following:

(a) The alarm “AIR PRESSURE ERROR” occurs immediately after the air supply from the pneumatic unit is stopped and the power supply to the NX100 is turned ON.

(b) The alarm “AIR PRESSURE ERROR” occurs when the air supply from the pneumatic unit is stopped during air purging.
9.5 Notes for Maintenance

9.5.1 Encoder Connector with Warning Label

Remove the old battery after connecting the new one so that the encoder absolute data does not disappear.

■ S-, L-, and U-Axis Motors

The connectors for the battery are prepared on each of the S-, L-, and U-axis motors. Refer to "Fig. 9-24 Backup Battery Connection for S-, L-, and U-Axis Motors", and connect the battery according to the following procedure.

1. Remove the mounting bolts, then remove the cap on the slot of the motor’s encoder.
2. Connect the battery (JARCR-XIS01) to the connectors for battery backup (crimped contact-pin terminals) on the inside of the cap.
3. Confirm all connectors connection after the maintenance check ends, and remove the battery.

■ R-, B-, and T-Axis Motors

The connectors for the battery backup (crimped contact-pin terminals) are prepared on the cables from the encoder connector of each of the R-, B-, and T-axis motors (BAT and OBT are marked). Refer to "Fig. 9-25 Backup Battery Connection for R-, B-, and T-Axis Motors", and connect the battery according to the following procedure.

1. Connect the battery (JARCR-XIS01) to the connectors for the battery backup of the motor encoder connector.
2. Confirm all connectors connection after the maintenance check ends, and remove the battery.

NOTE

Do not remove the battery pack in the connector base.
S-, L-, and U-Axis Motors

Fig. 9-24  Backup Battery Connection for S-, L-, and U-Axis Motors

R-, B-, and T-Axis Motors

Fig. 9-25  Backup Battery Connection for R-, B-, and T-Axis Motors
Connect battery to encoder to save the data before removing connector.

Fig. 9-26 Connection Diagram

Fig. 9-27 Caution Label
Recommended Spare Parts

It is recommended that the following parts and components be kept in stock as spare parts for the MOTOMAN-EPX2800. The spare parts list for the MOTOMAN-EPX2800 is shown below. Product performance cannot be guaranteed when using spare parts from any company other than Yaskawa. The spare parts are ranked as follows:

- Rank A: Expendable and frequently replaced parts
- Rank B: Parts for which replacement may be necessary as a result of frequent operation
- Rank C: Drive units

Table 10  Spare Parts for the MOTOMAN-EPX2800-B000, -B100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank No.</th>
<th>Parts No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Qty per Unit</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A 1</td>
<td>JARCR-XIS01</td>
<td>Battery board</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A 2</td>
<td>DB-1600</td>
<td>Sealing compound</td>
<td>Diabond Industry Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>200 ml</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>For gasket</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A 3</td>
<td>TB-4501</td>
<td>Seal tape</td>
<td>ThreeBond Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A 4</td>
<td>Alvania EP grease 2</td>
<td>Grease</td>
<td>Showa Shell Seikiyu K. K.</td>
<td>16 kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>For bearing and gear in the wrist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A 5</td>
<td>ViGO grease RE No. 0</td>
<td>Grease</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>16 kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>For S-, L-, R-, B- and T-axis speed reducers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B 6</td>
<td>HW0380936-C</td>
<td>S-axis speed reducers</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B 7</td>
<td>HW09381442-D</td>
<td>L-axis speed reducers</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B 8</td>
<td>HW0383528-A</td>
<td>U-axis speed reducer</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
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<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B 9</td>
<td>HW0386187-A</td>
<td>R-, B- and T-axes speed reducers</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>B 10</td>
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<td>Yaskawa</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B 11</td>
<td>HW0382198-A</td>
<td>S-axis AC servomotor</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>C 12</td>
<td>HW0386816-A</td>
<td>L-axis AC servomotor</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C 13</td>
<td>HW0386389-A</td>
<td>U-axis AC servomotor</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C 14</td>
<td>HW0386815-A</td>
<td>R-, B- and T-axes AC servomotors</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C 15</td>
<td>HW0273041-A</td>
<td>Switch unit</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure switch for B000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C 16</td>
<td>HW0174056-A</td>
<td>Internal cable</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
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<td>In S- and L-axes</td>
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<tr>
<td>C 17</td>
<td>HW0174057-A</td>
<td>Internal cable</td>
<td>Yaskawa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>In U-axis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To replace parts in Rank B or Rank C, contact your Yaskawa representative.